WHAT IS A NOTIFIABLE MEDICAL CONDITION (NMC)?

Notifiable Medical Conditions are diseases that are of public health importance because they pose significant public health risks that can result in disease outbreaks or epidemics with high case fatality rates both nationally and internationally.

WHY IS IT A LEGAL REQUIREMENT TO TIMEOUSLY REPORT ALL NMC?

The only way we can control the spread of infectious diseases within the population is through identification of diseased persons and implementation of necessary public health actions to ensure that the disease is not spread to other people. Real-time efficient surveillance and reporting of such diseases provides an early warning signal and provides a window of opportunity to interrupt the disease transmission cycle. The International Health Regulations, 2005 (IHR) and the National Health Act, 61 of 2003 in South Africa require the rapid detection of NMC, as well as the prompt risk assessment, notification, verification and implementation of timely interventions.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REPORTING NMC?

Every doctor or nurse (health care provider), laboratory, and medical scheme in both the public and private health sectors who diagnoses a patient with any one of the NMC must report the case. **Failure to report an NMC** is a criminal offence.



IN SOUTH AFRICA, WHICH CONDITIONS ARE NOTIFIABLE?

CATEGORY 1 NMC

Must be reported immediately using the most rapid means upon clinical or laboratory diagnosis, followed



within 24 hours of diagnosis. Clinicians are urged to complete the hospitial form for hospitalised patients with category 1 conditions.

CATEGORY 2 NMC



Must be reported through a written or electronic notification within 7 days of clinical or laboratory diagnosis, but preferably as soon as possible following disgnosis.

Agricultural or stock remedy poisoning

Bilharzic	a (schistosomiasis)
Brucello	osis
Conger	nital syphilis
Haemo	philus influenzae type B
Hepatit	is A
Hepatit	is B
Hepatit	is C
Hepatit	is E
Lead po	oisoning
Legione	əllosis
Leprosy	,
Matern	al death (pregnancy, childbirth, puerperium)
Mercury	y poisoning
Soil tran	nsmitted helminths (Ascaris Lumbricoides,
Trichuris	trichiuria, Ancylostoma duodenale, Necator
americo	anus)
Tetanus	
Tubercu	Jlosis: pulmonary
Tubercu	ulosis: extra-pulmonary
Tubercu	ulosis: multidrug-resistant (MDR-TB)
Tubercu	ulosis: extensively drug-resistant (XDR-TB)



HOW DO I NOTIFY CATEGORY 1 & 2?

In addition to the process below, category 1 NMC must be reported to the local health authority immediately using the most rapid means.

Health facility-based reporting (all hospitals, clinics, private practices)

Electronic notification via the NMC APP https://nmc. nicd.ac.za (Download the NMC APP from the NICD website (NMC page) or via your cell phone's app store. Refer to the NMC APP user <u>manuals</u>)



Capture the NMC case details onto the NMC mobile or web APP (New Case tab).



Upon completion of the data capture, save the data. The notification will automatically be sent to all relevant focal people at the Health Establishment, Subdistrict, District, Province, and National.

Paper-based notification (also refer to SOP for NMC reporting)

- 1. Complete the NMC Case Notification Form.
- Send the NMC Case Notification Form to NMCsurveillanceReport@nicd.ac.za or fax to 086 639 1638 or NMC hotline 072 621 3805. Form(s) can be sent via sms, whatsapp, email, fax.
- Send a copy to the NMC focal person at Sub-District/ District (details given on the cover page of the NMC booklet).

litions (NMC) (version 2.0 January 2018)	
ors in public and private health facilities	Standard Operating Procedures: Reporting of Notifiable Medical Conditions (NMC)
in personal after of the NMC focal persons below before sending to the next level shirt details must be completed before sending this bookkit to the	
Health Eulablishment details	
North District and District details	
. Faire	
	Vensier 20 Isse Bate: January 2018
Fai 10	
	National MMC contact details Holine, C72 421 3005 Faren C66 50 503 Canal address MACAmatalanosalaport@iniof.at.za Webdie www.inclat.eta
	In the public and private handle facilities dependen def of Mark Mark Strategies which and and an and and and and and and and

Laboratory based reporting (ALL laboratories)

f your laboratory is not on the electronic reporting system, follow the manual steps below:

CATEGORY 3 NMC

- Ceftriaxone-resistant Neisseria gonorrhoea
- West Nile virus, Sindbis virus, Chikungunya virus
- Dengue fever virus, other imported arboviruses of

medical importance

salmonella

Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli

Shigella spp.

CATEGORY 4 NMC

Must be reported monthly by private and public health laboratories. Healthcare-associated infections or multidrugresistant organisms of public health importance.

Carbapenemase-producing Enterobacteriaceae

Vancomycin-resistant enterococci

Staphylococcus aureus: hGISA and GISA

Colistin-resistant Pseudomonas aeruginosa

Colistin-resistant Acinetobacter baumanii

Clostridium difficile

HOW DO I NOTIFY CATEGORY 3 & 4?

Reporting by laboratories only.

Category 3 and 4 conditions will be reported automatically from laboratories through an Application Programming Interface (API). For more information on setting up your laboratory with an API, use the contact details below to reach out.

CONTACT US

NMC Helpline: 072 621 3805 Email: NMCsurveillanceReport@nicd.ac.za Fax: 086 639 1638, www.nicd.ac.za







Pioneering Rapid Detection And Notification Of Public Health Risks To Facilitate Timely And Targeted Public Health Response